

Let's talk about SOAP, baby.
Let's talk about UPnP.

Ricky "HeadlessZeke" Lawshae - Ruxcon 2014

Do you have any idea who I am?

- Security Researcher for HP TippingPoint's DV Labs team
- At Rapid7 before that, and BreakingPoint before that
- Speaker at Defcon, Recon, Insomni'hack, and Texas State University Cyber Security Awareness Day (go Bobcats!)
- Voider of warranties
- Reader of comic books
- Drinker of beers
- TRIVIA: I once got a job at a police department while I had 4 active warrants out for my arrest.

What are we talking about?

- The Internet of Things™ (ugh...)
 - It's here, whether you like it or not
 - “Just put a network interface on it. We'll worry about why later.”
- Smart devices aren't very smart
 - Need simple way to talk to each other
 - Ease-of-use: Get the tech out of the way of UX
- Often accomplished with SOAP/UPnP services
 - Super talkative
 - Happily tell you all their capabilities in a well-structured format
 - Also, don't bother themselves with pesky issues like security

What are we talking about?

- UPnP
 - Universal Plug and Play
- SSDP
 - Simple Service Discovery Protocol
- SCPD
 - Service Control Protocol Definition
- SOAP
 - Simple Object Access Protocol

Let's talk about all the good things...

UPnP

- 1900/UDP
 - HTTP over UDP allowing devices to discover each other
 - Multicast 239.255.255.250
- UPnP Stack^[1]
 - Discovery
 - Advertising and Searching
 - Description
 - An XML file describing the device
 - Control
 - Call an action or query for a value
 - Eventing
 - Used for announcing state changes
 - Presentation
 - UI...I have never seen this implemented

^[1] <http://www.upnp.org/specs/arch/UPnP-arch-DeviceArchitecture-v1.0-20080424.pdf>

UPnP – Discovery

Advertising

```
NOTIFY * HTTP/1.1
Host:239.255.255.250:1900
Cache-Control:max-age=1
Location:http://x.x.x.x:12345/desc.xml
Server:OS 1.0 UPnP/1.0 Realtek/V1.3
NT:upnp:rootdevice
USN:uuid:12342409-1234-1234-5678-
ee1234cc5678::upnp:rootdevice
NTS:ssdp:byebye
```

Searching

```
M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
HOST: 239.255.255.250:1900
MAN: "ssdp:discover"
MX: 5
ST: ssdp:all
```

All you need to know about discovery. Also, this is the really noisy part.

Responding

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
CACHE-CONTROL: max-age = 1800
EXT:
LOCATION: http://x.x.x.x:12345/desc.xml
SERVER: Linux/9.0 UPnP/1.0 PROTOTYPE/1.0
ST: uuid:24ef1cef-6ba8-c88a-39ee-14f469df0eb5
USN: uuid:24ef1cef-6ba8-c88a-39ee-14f469df0eb5
CONTENT-LENGTH: 0
```

UPnP – Discovery

Advertising

```
NOTIFY * HTTP/1.1
Host:239.255.255.250:1900
Cache-Control:max-age=1
Location:http://x.x.x.x:12345/desc.xml
Server:OS 1.0 UPnP/1.0 Realtek/V1.3
NT:upnp:rootdevice
USN:uuid:12342409-1234-1234-5678-
ee1234cc5678::upnp:rootdevice
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Responding

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EXT:
LOCATION: http://x.x.x.x:12345/desc.xml
SERVER: Linux/9.0 UPnP/1.0 PROTOTYPE/1.0
ST: uuid:24ef1cef-6ba8-c88a-39ee-14f469df0eb5
USN: uuid:24ef1cef-6ba8-c88a-39ee-14f469df0eb5
CONTENT-LENGTH: 0
```

All you need to know about discovery. Also, this is the really noisy part.

UPnP – Description

- XML file usually hosted on a high number TCP port
- Version info
 - upnp.org spec
 - Usually just 1.0
- Device definitions
 - Device type
 - Make/model/UUID
 - Service list
 - Service type
 - SCPD URL
 - Control URL
 - Event URL

UPnP – Description

```
<specVersion>
  <major>1</major>
  <minor>0</minor>
</specVersion>
<URLBase>http://10.0.0.1:5000/</URLBase>
<device>
  <pnp:X_hardwareId>VEN_01f2&...&REV_01</pnp:X_hardwareId>
  <pnp:X_deviceCategory>NetworkInfrastructure.Router</pnp:X_deviceCategory>
  <df:X_deviceCategory>Network.Router.Wireless</df:X_deviceCategory>
  <pnp:X_compatibleId>urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:InternetGatewayDevice:1</pnp:X_compatibleId>
  <deviceType>urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:InternetGatewayDevice:1</deviceType>
  <friendlyName>WNDR3400v2 (Gateway)</friendlyName>
  <manufacturer>NETGEAR, Inc.</manufacturer>
  <manufacturerURL>http://www.NETGEAR.com</manufacturerURL>
  <modelDescription>NETGEAR WNDR3400v2 N600 Wireless Router</modelDescription>
  <modelName>WNDR3400v2</modelName>
  <modelURL>http://www.netgear.com</modelURL>
  <UDN>uuid:bc567461-ee40-a9c2-39d3-5338c402cc8d</UDN>
  <iconList>...</iconList>
  <serviceList>
    <service>
      <serviceType>urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:Layer3Forwarding:1</serviceType>
      <serviceId>urn:upnp-org:serviceId:L3Forwarding1</serviceId>
      <SCPDURL>/Public_UPNP_Layer3F.xml</SCPDURL>
      <controlURL>/Public_UPNP_C1</controlURL>
      <eventSubURL>/Public_UPNP_Event_1</eventSubURL>
    </service>
  </serviceList>
</device>
```

UPnP – Description

```
<specVersion>
  <major>1</major>
  <minor>0</minor>
</specVersion>
<URLBase>http://10.0.0.1:5000/</URLBase>
<device>
  <pnp:X_hardwareId>VEN_01f2&...&REV_01</pnp:X_hardwareId>
  <pnp:X_deviceCategory>NetworkInfrastructure.Router</pnp:X_deviceCategory>
  <df:X_deviceCategory>Network.Router.Wireless</df:X_deviceCategory>
  <pnp:X_compatibleId>urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:InternetGatewayDevice:1</pnp:X_compatibleId>
  <deviceType>urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:InternetGatewayDevice:1</deviceType>
  <friendlyName>WNDR3400v2 (Gateway)</friendlyName>
  <manufacturer>NETGEAR, Inc.</manufacturer>
  <manufacturerURL>http://www.NETGEAR.com</manufacturerURL>
  <modelDescription>NETGEAR WNDR3400v2 N600 Wireless Router</modelDescription>
  <modelName>WNDR3400v2</modelName>
  <modelURL>http://www.netgear.com</modelURL>
  <UDN>uuid:bc567461-ee40-a9c2-39d3-5338c402cc8d</UDN>
  <iconList>...</iconList>
  <serviceList>
    <service>
      <serviceType>urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:Layer3Forwarding:1</serviceType>
      <serviceId>urn:upnp-org:serviceId:L3Forwarding1</serviceId>
      <SCPDURL>/Public_UPNP_Layer3F.xml</SCPDURL>
      <controlURL>/Public_UPNP_C1</controlURL>
      <eventSubURL>/Public_UPNP_Event_1</eventSubURL>
    </service>
  </serviceList>
</device>
```

UPnP – SCPD

- XML file defining the service actions and arguments
- Version info
 - Same deal as description
- Action list
 - Action name
 - Arguments
 - Argument name
 - Direction (input/output)
 - Variable name
- Variable list
 - Variable name
 - Data type

UPnP – SCPD

```
<actionList>
  <action>
    <name>SetDefaultConnectionService</name>
    <argumentList>
      <argument>
        <name>NewDefaultConnectionService</name>
        <direction>in</direction>
        <relatedStateVariable>DefaultConnectionService</relatedStateVariable>
      </argument>
    </argumentList>
  </action>
  <action>
    <name>GetDefaultConnectionService</name>
    <argumentList>
      <argument>
        <name>NewDefaultConnectionService</name>
        <direction>out</direction>
        <relatedStateVariable>DefaultConnectionService</relatedStateVariable>
      </argument>
    </argumentList>
  </action>
</actionList>
<serviceStateTable>
  <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">
    <name>DefaultConnectionService</name>
    <dataType>string</dataType>
  </stateVariable>
</serviceStateTable>
```

UPnP – SCPD

```
<actionList>
  <action>
    <name>SetDefaultConnectionService</name>
    <argumentList>
      <argument>
        <name>NewDefaultConnectionService</name>
        <direction>in</direction>
        <relatedStateVariable>DefaultConnectionService</relatedStateVariable>
      </argument>
    </argumentList>
  </action>
  <action>
    <name>GetDefaultConnectionService</name>
    <argumentList>
      <argument>
        <name>NewDefaultConnectionService</name>
        <direction>out</direction>
        <relatedStateVariable>DefaultConnectionService</relatedStateVariable>
      </argument>
    </argumentList>
  </action>
</actionList>
<serviceStateTable>
  <stateVariable sendEvents="yes">
    <name>DefaultConnectionService</name>
    <dataType>string</dataType>
  </stateVariable>
</serviceStateTable>
```

UPnP – Control

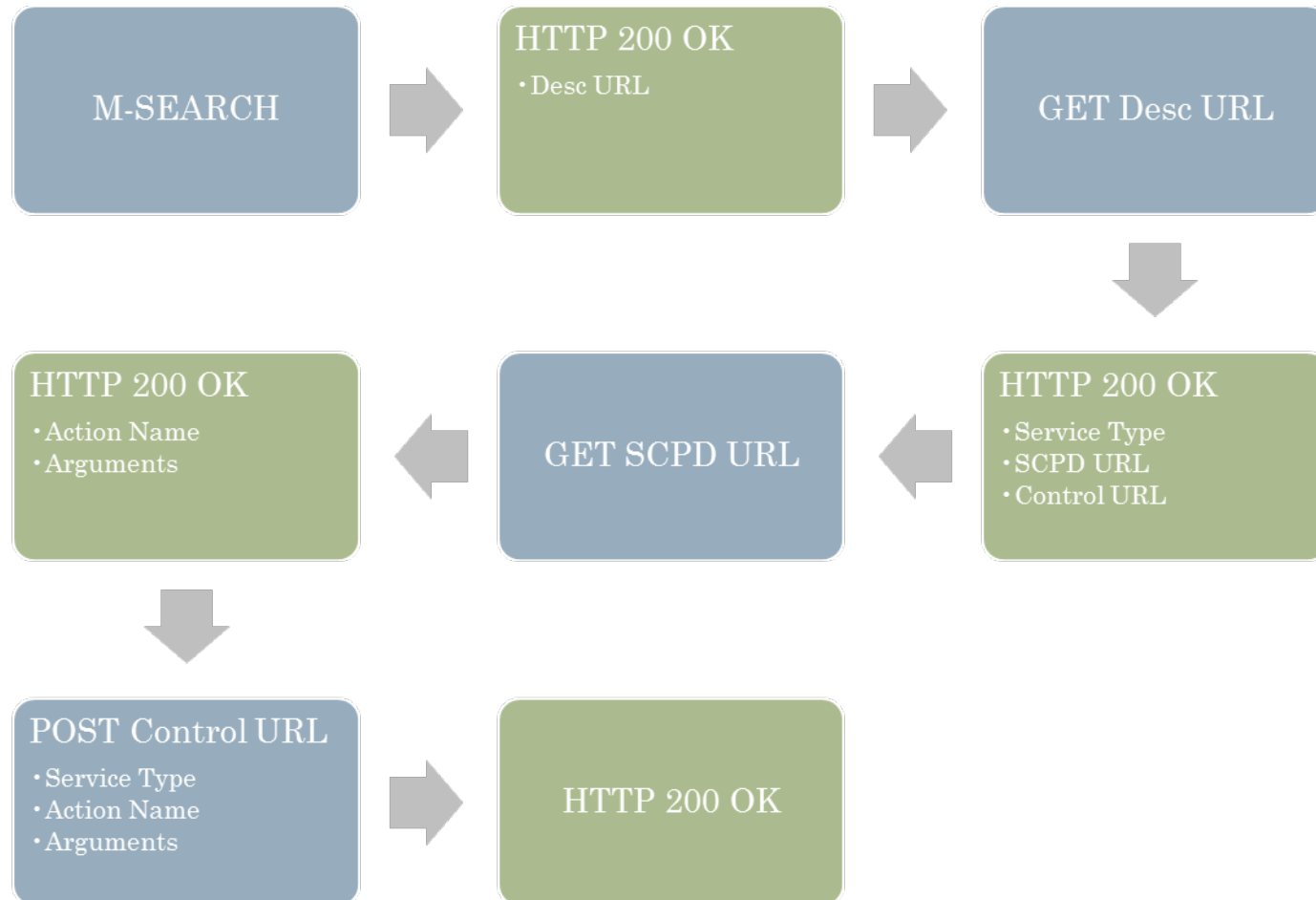
- This is where SOAP comes in (finally!)
- Mostly just frontends for an RPC service or CGI script
- SOAP envelopes
 - XML-formatted API calls
 - Service type from description XML
 - Action name and arguments from SCPD XML
- POST envelope to control URL

UPnP – Control

```
POST /Public_UPNP_C1 HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
SOAPAction: "urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:Layer3Forwarding:1#SetDefaultConnectionService"
Content-Length: 568
Host: x.x.x.x:12345
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<env:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:env="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
  <env:Body>
    <n1:SetDefaultConnectionService xmlns:n1="urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:Layer3Forwarding:1">
      <NewDefaultConnectionService xsi:type="xsd:string">blah</NewDefaultConnectionService>
    </n1:SetDefaultConnectionService>
  </env:Body>
</env:Envelope>
```


TL;DR



But what can you do with it?

[How To Certify A Device](#)

[Certified Product Registry](#)

[UPnP+ Certification](#)

Resources

[SDKs](#)

[Open Source Stacks](#)

[Pre-certification](#)

[Publications](#)

[Presentations](#)

[Whitepapers](#)

[Member Case Studies](#)

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[FAQ](#)

Device Categories

- **Audio/Video**
 - [MediaServer:4 and MediaRenderer:3](#)
 - [MediaServer:3](#)
 - [MediaServer:2 and MediaRenderer:2](#)
 - [MediaServer:1 and MediaRenderer:1](#)
- **Basic**
 - [Basic Device:1](#)
- **Device Management**
 - [Manageable Device:2](#)
 - [Manageable Device:1](#)
- **Home Automation**
 - [SolarProtectionBlind:1](#)
 - [Digital Security Camera:1](#)
 - [HVAC:1](#)
 - [Lighting Controls:1](#)
- **Networking**
 - [Internet Gateway:2](#)
 - [Internet Gateway:1](#)
 - [WLAN Access Point:1](#)
- **Printer**
 - [Printer Enhanced:1](#)
 - [Printer Basic:1](#)
- **Remote Access**
 - [RAServer:2 and RADiscoveryAgent:2](#)
 - [RAClient:1, RAServer:1 and RADiscoveryAgent:1](#)
- **Remoting**
 - [Remote UI Client:1 and Remote UI Server:1](#)
- **Scanner**
 - [Scanner:1](#)
- **Sensor Management**
 - [SensorManagement:1](#)
- **Telephony**
 - [Telephony:2](#)
 - [Telephony:1](#)

Add-on Services

- [DataStore:1](#)
- [DeviceProtection:1](#)
- [EnergyManagement:1](#)
- [FriendlyInfoUpdate:1](#)
- [Low Power:1](#)
- [ContentSync:1](#)
- [Device Security:1 and Security Console:1](#)
- [Quality of Service:3](#)

standardized DCPs is provided here for your convenience.

[↓ DOWNLOAD ZIP](#)

UPnP MEMBER DOCUMENTS

UPnP Members have access to additional resources.

[Become a Member »](#)

[View Member Documents »](#)

But what can you do with it?

- Control AV equipment
- Home automation
- Network administration
- Physical security systems (ok, easy there buddy)
- Industrial monitoring and control (uh...what?)
- And this is just the official specs

Neat, so...

- All our devices can talk to each other!
- Brave new worlds of remote control and automation!
- Have your toaster turn on the lights, set the TV to the news channel, and send you a text message when breakfast is ready!
- The future is now!
- Nothing could possibly go wrong!



And the bad things...

What about security?

- Embedded devices
 - Limited memory and processing power
 - Board dev and software dev are often completely different companies
 - Copy-and-paste development
 - Keep costs low
 - Not exactly concerned/knowledgeable
- Deployment
 - Millions of internet-facing UPnP-enabled devices
 - Too many vendors to count
 - Frontend is standardized, backend varies even within same vendor
 - Difficult to patch/update firmware
 - Just because you can, doesn't mean you should

What about security?

- XML parsing is hard
 - Needs lots of system resources
 - Free-form, user-supplied data
 - In 2013, 2.5% of CVE's were XML-related^[2]
 - Of those, almost 36% had CVSS severity of 7 or above
 - As the use-cases for XML grow, so do the classes of vulns
 - Recursion bugs, XXE, command injection, etc...

^[2] <http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvekey.cgi?keyword=xml>

Attack surface

- UPnP service
 - HTTP header parsing
 - SSDP parsing
 - OS command injection
 - Information disclosure
- SOAP service
 - HTTP header parsing
 - XML parsing
 - Injection vulns
 - OS command
 - SQL injection
 - SOAP injection
 - Information disclosure
 - Ridiculous levels of unauthenticated device control

Attack surface – UPnP

- CVE-2012-5958
 - Disclosed last year by HD Moore (one of many)
 - <https://community.rapid7.com/docs/DOC-2150>
 - Calls strncpy to copy a string from the ST header into TempBuf[COMMAND_LEN]
 - Size argument for strncpy is based on number of characters between colons

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```
M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
Host:239.255.255.250:1900
ST:uuid:schemas:device:[string longer than
COMMAND_LEN]:blah
Man:"ssdp:discover"
MX:3
```

Attack surface – UPnP

- D-Link DIR-815 UPnP Command Injection
 - Disclosed last year by Zach Cutlip
 - <http://shadow-file.blogspot.com/2013/02/dlink-dir-815-upnp-command-injection.html>
 - Contents of ST header get passed as arguments to M-SEARCH.sh
 - No validation or sanitization

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 - Contents of ST header get passed as arguments to M-SEARCH.sh
 - No validation or sanitization

```
M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
Host:239.255.255.250:1900
ST:uuid:[shell command]`
Man:"ssdp:discover"
MX:3
```

Attack surface – SOAP

- XBMC soap_action_name Buffer Overflow
 - Disclosed Oct 2010 by n00b
 - <http://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/15347/>
 - ProcessHttpRequest function allocates statically-sized buffer
 - Calls sscanf to copy value of SOAPAction header into it with no bounds checking

Attack surface - SOAP

- XBMC soap_action_name Buffer Overflow
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 - ProcessHttpRequest function allocates statically-sized buffer
 - Calls sscanf to copy value of SOAPAction header into it with no bounds checking

```
POST /AVTransport/[UUID]/control.xml HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
SOAPAction: "urn:schemas-upnp-
org:service:AVTransport:1#[more than 100 bytes]"
Content-Length: [length of req]
Host: x.x.x.x:50988
```

Attack surface – SOAP

- Broadcom SetConnectionType Format String Vulnerability
 - Disclosed last year by Leon Juranic and Vedran Kajic
 - <http://sebug.net/paper/Exploits-Archives/2013-exploits/1301-exploits/DC-2013-01-003.txt>
 - SetConnectionType action feeds value of NewConnectionType argument to snprintf
 - No sanitization of user-controlled value

Attack surface – SOAP

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 - SetConnectionType action feeds value of NewConnectionType argument to snprintf
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```
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <m:SetConnectionType xmlns:m="urn:schemas-upnp-
org:service:WANIPConnection:1" as="">
    <NewConnectionType>[format
string]</NewConnectionType>
  </m:SetConnectionType>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```


Attack surface – SOAP

- CVE-2014-3242
 - Disclosed earlier this year by pnig0s
 - <http://www.pnigos.com/?p=260>
 - SOAPpy allows declaration of user-defined XML External Entities in SOAP request
 - No sanitization of user-controlled value

Attack surface - SOAP

- CVE-2014-3242
 - Disclosed earlier this year by pning0s
 - <http://www.pningos.com/?p=260>
 - SOAPpy allows declaration of user-defined XML External Entities in SOAP request
 - No sanitization of user-controlled value

```
<!DOCTYPE v1 [<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///etc/passwd">]>
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope ... >
  <SOAP-ENV:Body>
    <echo SOAP-ENC:root="1">
      <v1 xsi:type="xsd:string">&xxe;</v1>
    </echo>
  </SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

Attack surface – SOAP

- CVE-2014-2928
 - Disclosed earlier this year by Brandon Perry (PBerry Crunch!)
 - <http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2014/May/32>
 - F5 iControl API set_hostname action passes value of hostname argument to shell
 - Once again, no sanitization of user-controlled value

Attack surface - SOAP

- CVE-2014-2928
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 - <http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2014/May/32>
 - F5 iControl API set_hostname action passes value of hostname argument to shell
 - Once again, no sanitization of user-controlled value

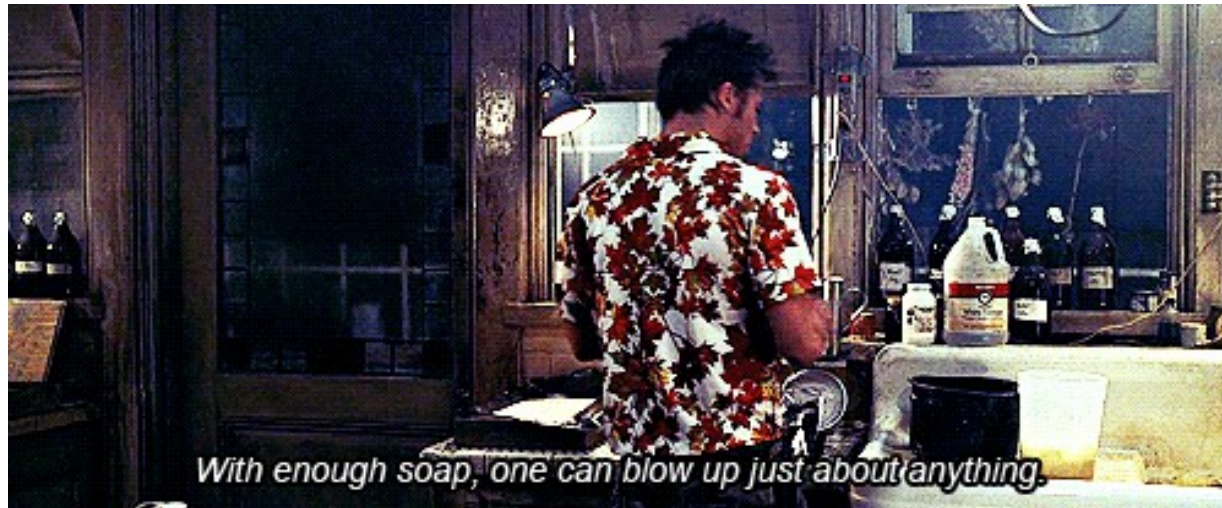
```
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <n1:set_hostname xmlns:n1="urn:iControl:System/Inet">
    <hostname> `[shell command]`.whatever.com</hostname>
  </n1:set_hostname>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Attack surface – SOAP

- CVE-2011-4499, CVE-2011-4500, CVE-2011-4501, CVE-2011-4503, CVE-2011-4504, CVE-2011-4505, CVE-2011-4506, more?
 - Disclosed at Defcon 19 by Daniel Garcia
 - <http://toor.do/DEFCON-19-Garcia-UPnP-Mapping-WP.pdf>
 - UPnP IGD uses actions such as AddPortMapping and DeletePortMapping to allow for remote administration of routing rules
 - Lacks authentication and is available on WAN interface
 - Gives attackers the ability to perform:
 - NAT traversal
 - External/internal host port mapping
 - External network scanning of internal LAN

DEMO TIME

Conclusion



Playing along at home

- Know your network
 - M-SEARCH every network you connect to
 - Watch for new NOTIFY messages
- If you don't need UPnP, disable it
 - If not on the device, then at the router
- Keep on top of firmware updates
 - Not always automatic
- Fuzz the crap out of it
 - Burp - <http://portswigger.net/burp/>
 - WSFuzzer - https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Category:OWASP_WSFuzzer_Project
 - Miranda - <http://code.google.com/p/miranda-upnp/>
 - My stuff...if I ever release it, which I probably won't...

Hit me up

- @HeadlessZeke on twitter
- Usually lurking on freenode as HeadlessZeke
- headlesszeke@hp.com
 - PS: We're always hiring, send me resumes

Thank you!